over 20 years and 10 years, the projected percentage figures are not apply. However, considering the Port State Control detention details of Indian ships since January 2002 under Paris MOU, no Indian ship comes in the above categories *i.e.* the ships which can be refused access or will be required to be inspected every month. In so far as expanded inspection requirements are concerned, Indian tankers, passenger ships, chemical and gas carriers do not generally operate in Paris MOU region. Therefore the new requirements of expanded inspections will affect only the Indian bulk carriers of over 12 years in age and most of Indian bulk carriers are in this age group. However, under the Safety Convention requirements all the ships are required to be in full readiness always to undergo expanded inspections successfully.

Winding up of CSWB

109. SHRI P. PRABHAKAR REDDY: Will the Minister of SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that CAG, keeping in view the functioning of the Central Board for Social Welfare has suggested its continuance as useless;

(b) the amount allocated to the Board during the last five years;

(c) the details of the works done by the Board for bringing improvement in the condition of the deprived class of society so far alongwith the number of people benefited from it; and

(d) the agency responsible for monitoring the allocation on made by the Board to various voluntary organizations alongwith their expenditures?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT (SHRI NAGMANI): (a) No, Sir. The CAG in its final report had dropped this para.

(b) The amount allocated to the Board during the last five years are as under:

(Rs. in lakhs)

Year	Amount allocated
1998-99	5038.73
1999-2000	5081.00
2000-01	4877.00
2001-02	5584.00
2002-03	5702.18
TOTAL :	26282.91

(c) The Central Social Welfare Board has been implementing a number of schemes for improving conditions of the deprived sections of society, details of which are given in Statement-I (*See* below) Details of number of persons benefited by Central Social Welfare Board under different programmes are given in Statement-II. (*See* below).

(d) The Department of Women and Child Development, Government of India provides grants to Central Social Welfare Board, which is an autonomous organization of the Department. The Board allocates funds to different State Boards under various programmes. The State Boards invite proposals from voluntary organizations every year, which are pre-appraised by the field Officers and submitted before the Screening Committee of the State Board, for decision. The final list of proposals fit for sanction drawn up by State Boards with the approval of the Members of the Screening Committee, is forwarded to the Central Social Welfare Board with recommendation for sanction. This is the procedure followed under every programme.

Statement-I

Scheme for improving conditions of the deprived classes being implemented by Central Social Welfare Board

Sl. No.	Name of the Scheme	Purpose
1.	Border Area Project	Under this programme, women and children in the remote border areas are provided services like craft training,

Sl. No.	Name of the Scheme	Purpose
		maternity and child welfare, social education medical aid etc. At present 87 projects are functioning in 14 States.
2.	Welfare Extension Project (Community Development)	Covers 100 villages with 6-8 centres in each project. Provides welfare services like pre-primary school education, craft activity for women, social education, maternity services and recreational facilities etc.
3.	Balwadis	This programme is being run in 11 States.
4.	Mahila Mandal	This programme is being run in 18 States.
5.	Working Women's Hostel	Gives maintenance grant to voluntary organizations for running hostels for working women belonging to the lower income group for providing safe accommodation.
6.	Family Counselling Centre	Provide counselling referral and if possible rehabilitative services to women victims of atrocities in the family and society and also to others affected by family and social problems and disputes.
7.	Condensed Course of Education for Adult Women	To benefit poor needy women of tribal, hilly, backward areas and urban slums, by providing them opportunity for education at different levels—primary, middle/high school.
8.	Vocational Training/ Swawlamban	To train women in the various trades, which are marketable and also to upgrade their skills in order to meet the demands of changing work environment. Main objective of the Vocational Training is to enable and empower women to access remunerative employment opportunities.

Sl. No.	Name of the Scheme	Purpose
		to enhance self-confidence and their self esteem.
9.	Awareness Generation Programme for Rural and Poor Women	For creating awareness in the community on issues relating to the status, rights and problems of women.
10.	Short Stay Home for Women and Girls	To help the women rehabilitate themselves within a short period of time.
11.	Creches for children of working and ailing mothers	To provide day care services to the children (0 to 5 years of age) of mothers from lower income group families who are working or ailing.
12.	Innovative Schemes	Providing financial assistance to the voluntary organizations for Innovative Schemes for the welfare and development of women and children.

Statement-II

Year-wise/Programme-wise

Beneficiaries since 1998-99 *to* 2002-2003 *under different programmes of Central Social Welfare Board*

Programme	*1998-99*	*1999-2000*	*2000-2001*	*2001-2002*	*2002-2003*
Mahila Mandal	56402	64832	64832	67489	48535
WEP (CD)	9990	9990	9990	9990	9900
Border Area Project	17700	17000	17000	17000	16400
Socio-Economic Programme	104	34	36	494	—
Working Women Hostels	5512	1497	1701	780	720
Creches for the Children for Working and Ailing Mothers	223375	226800	231625	36050	241475

Programme	*1998-1999*	*1999-2000*	*2000-2001*	*2001-2002*	*2002-2003*
Voluntary Action Bureau/FCC	42081	50503	58480	33275	31256
Awareness Generation Project	41525	72743	76725	111250	107300
Condensed Course and Vocational Training	7790	6775	20025	9665	3475
Demonstration Project	7470	7470	7470	7470	6450
Swawlamban (VT/NORAD)	12[illegible]88	14973	24540	24830	—
Short Stay Home	—	—	6750	16147	10740

Short Stay Home Programme was handed over to CSWB in 1999-2000.

Scavengers in the country

110. SHRIMATI N.P. DURGA:
SHRI RAMA MUNI REDDY SIRIGIREDDY:

Will the Minister of SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the number of scavengers in the country as in 1992 and 2002, State-wise;

(b) whether it is a fact that Government have taken up a scheme called the National Scheme for Liberation and Rehabilitation of scavengers to liberate scavengers in 1992;

(c) if so, the details thereof; and

(d) the number of people liberated so far under this scheme since 1992, State-wise?

THE MINISTER OF SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT (DR. SATYA NARAYAN JATIYA): (a) A Statement-I is annexed. (*See* below).

(b) and (c) Yes, Sir. The National Scheme of Liberation and Rehabilitation of scavengers and their dependents (NSLRS) was launched in 1991-92 with the objective of providing financial assistance